229. *Primula amoena* **M. Bieb.**, Fl. Taur.-Cauc. 1: 138 (1808). Syn.: *P. elatior* var. *amoena* Duby, *P. kusznetzovii* Fedorov, *P. meyeri* Rupr., *P. elatior* subsp. *meyeri* (Rupr.) Valentine et Lamond Small caespitose herb 6-15 cm, with short rhizome and cord-like roots. **Leaves** long obovate, 5-10 × 2.5-4 cm, glabrous above, grey tomentose below, irregularly dentate on margin, finely reticulate by veins submersed under surface, with cuneate base tapering to short winged petioles, 3-4 × shorter than blade. **Scapes** longer than leaves bearing umbels of 2-7 flowers. **Flowers** large, 20-25 mm, variable in colour from dark purple or violet blue to pale blue; bracts linear setiform to lanceolate, peduncles longer than bracts; calyx tubular, angular; corolla tube narrow, 1.5 × longer than calyx, lobes widely obcordate, shallowly bifid. Seed **capsules** as long as the calyx; **seeds** angular, dark brown.

Fl. VI-VII. Fr. VIII.

Habitat: Alpine meadows, among rocks near melting snow, in subalpine and alpine zones, 1700-3300 m.

Distribution: Common in W. half of the area including N.E. Turkey but rare in E. Caucasus and E. Transcaucasia. Endemic. **Cultivation**: On a cold northern slope in humus-rich soil, with good drainage.

229 a. Russia: Russia: Dombaj, 3000, PK. 229 b.c. Russia: Mt. Fisht, 2200 m, Olga N. Bondareva. 229 d. White form: Russia/Kabardino Balkaria: Sukansu, 2500 m, VH.







22) a



229 c

